

# **Year 6 Curriculum Autumn Term 2019**

I hope that your child has settled well into their new class, and is enjoying the start of the new school year.

We thought you would find it useful to have a clear idea about the skills and vocabulary your child will be learning this term. The information below is, of course, only a starting point, and they will learn much more than we have written down!

#### **Key Learning: English and maths**

Reading	Writing	Maths
Draw inferences and justify your opinions using a range of texts	Use correctly joined handwriting at all times	Read, write and order numbers up to 10,000,000
Continue to read a range of fiction and non-fiction	Use descriptions of settings to create atmosphere	Perform a wide range of mental calculations
texts	Use purposeful dialogue which advances the action	Use metal and written methods to solve complex maths problems
Predict what might happen from stated and implied details	Use fronted adverbials and a range of other sentence openers	
	Use expanded noun phrases and propositional phrases	

#### Spellings (until half term)

Accommodate, accompany, according, achieve, aggressive, amateur, ancient, apparent, appreciate, attached, available, average, awkward, bargain, bruise, category, cemetery, committee, communicate, community, competition, conscience, conscious, controversy, convenience, correspond, criticise, curiosity, definite, desperate, determined, develop, disastrous, embarrass, environment, equipment, especially, exaggerate, excellent, existence, explanation, familiar, foreign, forty, frequently, government, guarantee, harass, hindrance

#### Personal, Social and Health Education

Feelings and emotions
The working world



# **Autumn Term Key Vocabulary and Skills**

This is a brief overview of some of the vocabulary the children will learn this term. It is the minimum we expect all of the children to know and understand well by Christmas.

#### **Art** Drawing

Vocabulary	Skills
Organic - Refers to shapes or forms not of geometric shape, having	Use sketchbooks to record observations and use them to review and revisit
irregular edges, surfaces or objects similar to natural forms.	Use dry media to make marks and create different effects including the use
Curvaceous – curves of a shape or picture	of line, patterns, textures and shapes
<b>Proportion</b> - The scale relationships of one part to the whole and of one	Learn about a great designer.
part to another. In images of figures, the appropriate balance between the	
size of body and its limbs.	
Intricate - something that has many small parts	
<b>Tessellation</b> – construct, pave or inlay mosaic small tiles	

# Computing Write code to control a micro:bit

Vocabulary	Skills
<b>Procedure</b> - A procedure/function is used in programming to break a	Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to
complex task down into simple steps or sections.	detect and correct errors in algorithms and programmes
hex file – a source file used by logic devices such as microcontrollers in	
remote controls or office machines	Use sequence, selection and repetition in programmes; work out how
Code – information and commands put in to a programme	some simple algorithms work and detect and correct errors in algorithms
micro:bit – open sourced hardware embedded in the computer system.	and programmes
Syntax – words put together to make sentences	
	Design, write and debug programmes that accomplish specific goals,
	including controlling or simulating systems; solve problems by
	decomposing them into smaller parts

# **Design Technology** Cook savoury dishes

Vocabulary	Skills
Seasonality – the cycle of food depending on the season	Weigh and measure accurately, cut safely, taste for seasoning



Source – the place where you get something from	Apply basic rules for food hygiene
Utensil - tools or objects used to help you cook	
Design - to plan or make a detailed plan of something	
Tare – the weight of a container when it is empty	

**Geographical skills and Fieldwork** Use the 8 points of a compass, 4- and 6-figure grid references, symbols and key (including OS maps) to build their knowledge of the UK – linked to residential visit

Vocabulary	Skills
Compass – an instrument used to measure direction	Interpret a range of sources of geographical information
Compass Rose – a circle on a map which bearings can be taken from	Communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including
Scale – referring to the size of something	through maps and writing at length
<b>Key</b> – a list of symbols	
Symbol – small pictures used to represent a feature	
<b>Grid Reference</b> – the measurement taken to locate a place on a map	

History: A non-European Society that provides contrasts with British history Mayan civilization c AD900

Vocabulary	Skills
Trade	Know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world:
Slaves – a person who is the property of another person	the expansion and dissolution of empires; achievements and follies of
<b>Tributes</b> – a payment by one state ruler to another	mankind
Mayan trade network – a system used by the Maya to buy and sell goods	
Obsidian – a dark volcanic glass formed from lava	Devise historically accurate questions about change, cause, similarity,
Luxury items – goods that are not essential to day to day living	difference and significance
How societies are governed and ruled	
Hierarchical – a system where an organisation has different ranks or	
positions depending on how important they are	
<b>Urban ceremonial centre</b> – a place where religious or formal events take	
place	
<b>Power</b> – the control somebody has over somebody or something	
Prestige – admired or respected because of their position	
Elites – top of the society e.g. richest, talented	



# Music I'll Be There

Vocabulary	Skills
Composers – people who create music	Appreciate and understand a range of high-quality recorded music
<b>Crotchet</b> – a musical note that has time value of two quavers	Develop an understanding of the history of music
<b>Duration length</b> – the time taken for something	
Minim – a musical note that has a time value equal to two crotchets	
Rest – a pause or interval	

# P.E. 1. High 5s 2. Tennis

Vocabulary	Skills
High 5s	Consistently uses skills with co-ordination, control and fluency.
Positions – Centre, Goal Defence, Goal Keeper, Goal Attack, Goal Scorer,	Takes part in competitive games with a strong understanding of tactics and
Wing Defence, Wing Attack	composition.
<b>Goal Circle</b> – refers to the semicircle marking the shooting area at each end	
of the court.	
Feint Pass – Aiming a ball pass in one direction and then releasing it into a	
completely different area.	
Odds and Evens – used to keep score in netball.	
Offside - keeps each member of the team inside their designated area	
Tennis	
Fault – a serve which hits the net and / or lands outside the service box	
Half-volley – a shot hit just as the ball bounces	
Love – a score of zero points in a game or zero games in a set	
Rally – the exchange of shots between players. A rally starts when the	
receiver returns serve and ends when the point is won	
Smash – an overhead shot hit very hard, usually before the ball has	
bounced	



### Science Light

Vocabulary	Skills
Translucent – some light can pass through it	Planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions,
Transparent – all light passes through it	including recognising and controlling variables where necessary
Opaque – no light passes through it	
<b>Light source</b> – something you get light from eg. sun	Recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific
Artificial – they do not occur naturally, they are made by human beings	diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line
Natural – things that occur by themselves depending on their environment	graphs.
	Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and
	fair tests.

### **Science** Electricity

Vocabulary	Skills
Current – a flow of electricity through a wire or circuit	Taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with
Voltage – an electrical current is measured by its voltage	increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate
	Recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs.
	Using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and
	fair tests.

#### **Home Learning**

We would like all children to read their Accelerated Reader book as often as they can, but at least three times a week for about 20 minutes a time. They need to learn their spellings (their teacher will let you know which ones each week). We would also like them to spend time practising their maths skills using Mathletics and TTRockstars. We will make sure you get logins for these as soon as possible.